#### HEADQUARTERS STRATEGIC AIR COMMAND UNITED STATES AIR FORCE OFFUTT AIR FORCE BASE, NEBRASKA

SUP5

24 FEB 1959

SUBJECT: Medical Support, ICBM Operations, SAC

TO:

AMC

SAM

ARDC

DAN

Gunter Branch - SAM

Surgeon General, USAF

ATTN:

Surgeon, AMC and ARDC, Directorate of

Professional Services, Directorate of Plans and Hospitalization, and Directorate of Staffing and

Education, USAF

1. Transmitted herewith is Memorandum Report, Subject:
Medical Support, ICBM Operations, SAC. This report summarizes
the present SAC plans for medical support for missile operations,
based on the assumptions outlined therein. Any changes in
command, operational, or logistical concepts for ICBM organizations will result in adjustment to these plans so as to insure
that medical support procedures are in conformity with the overall weapons system plans and programs.

2. This report has been co-ordinated with the Directorates of Plans, Operations, and Materiel, Headquarters SAC. Material therein is provided to the addressees for basic guidance, and as background data which will be of use in development of any required actions relating to medical support programs.

FOR THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF:

1 Incl

Memo Rept, Hq SAC, Subj: Med Support, ICBM Operations, SAC, 2 Jan 59 LOYD E. GRIFFIS

Brigadier General, USAF (MC)

Surgeon



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2 January 1959

MEMORAHIZIM REPORT

SUBJECT: Medical Support, ICAM Operations, SAC

### 1. ASSUMPTIONS:

- A. Typical operational ICEN units located in the United States will in general be organized and operated in the following manner:
- a. Massile launch sites will be dispersed around a parent or home base. Minimal type maintenance and other facilities will be provided (one base may be an exception).
- b. Year round roud communications are svailable and supplemented by belicoptor transportation between home base and launch sites. Comprehensive soon removal place will provide for maintenance of road communications at locations buying high encefalls.
- personnel normally on duty will probably not exceed twenty at one site).
  Personnel will work on eight hour shift basis, commuting from the home bass.
  Remission to reside at nearby communities may be granted. All normal community support facilities will be provided at the home base, including food service, finance, base exchange, commissary and basic medical support.
- An energency "live shoard" capability is being incorporated into the lambch sites for alert. This includes doraitory space and food service facilities. For minimum space and sanitary requirements are being given consideration in the design of this base.
- 3. Maximum use will be made of the training facilities at Vandenberg Air Force Beas for personnel natraining, static firing, and live launch
- h. Present fuels and exidisers utilized in ICEE's are of a moderate total basard category. Appropriate preventive engineering measures are being incorporated into the site decigns. Adequate precautions will be included in training overeises to minimise hazards. The unjority of accidents in peacetime are expected to be typical of those presently experienced in aircraft maintenance and fueling operations; with some slight increase in hazard potential resulting from liquid exygen. Traumatic shocks and injuries such an those resulting from falls, dropping tools, and electric shocks may be superienced from time to time.

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- 5. The majority of personnel assigned to a unit will be physically leasted and work at the home base in the massile inspection and/or assembly building. Various support shops will be located in these facilities. The acaps of the work involved will present problems of occupational health similar to those in composite structures now being developed for the manned bomber force.
- 6. Special problems in regard to training and operational requirements will exist at Vandenberg Air Force Base, let Missile Davision. As a result, these concepts outlined herein do not necessarily apply to that installation.
- 7. Required training time of line and medical personnel in first aid and health processionary, and health promotional measures will be available.

# II. REQUIREMENTS OF MEDICAL SUPPORT

- 1. Medical support by ICSM units coasists ossentially of the same features now provided for other organizations of the Strategic Air Command. Essentially two main functional areas of responsibility exist, and those (in certain aspects) are interrelated. They are: the provision of community medical care and the mission medical support. Community medical care includes inpution and sufpation care and treatment of military personnel and their dependents, and others authorized medical care at USAF expense; routine public health measures: and community environmental sanitation. Mission medical support encompasses occupational medical procedures such as proplacement and periodic physical examinations, special diagnostic treatment procedures for occupational diseases and injuries; environmental hygicae measures, including industrial hygicae surveys, development of engineering controls for hazards, provision for consultation, advice and assistance from other staff agencies, health protection and processions, and measures for improving human effectiveness.
- 2. Due to the antere of missile operations, although dealing with materials of a low order of texicity at the present time, an increased hazard potential for peace time accidents does exist-the necessity thus erises for a highly developed medical support plan and procedures for a reaction to accidents which involve fuels, oxidiaers, and/or suclear materials. Emergency medical response procedures and tochniques must be developed to a high dogree. Special consideration is necessary for the problems arising from the dispersed location, launch sites from the home base.
- 3. A major requirement of medical support for missile organizations is the development of a high degree of self aid capabilities on the part of all personnel in order to cope with the problems of injuries in an EWO situation. Plans for medical operations in this situation will require consideration of problems that effect the capability to accomplish required lounch mission
- i. Increased avareness of the importance of the physical profile system and the relationship of an individual's physical states to his capability to accomplish required tasks within their career field description generates a need for bester understanding of the importance of the physical profile system and associated administrative procedures. Close coordination with the extention department, director of PAOM, and clinical specialties within the hospital, and the director of PAOM with personnel and management agencies on base will be required.

# III. MEDICAL SUPPORT PLAN CONCEPT.

- I. All community type medical care will be provided at the home base. This includes routine out- and in-patient care treatment of military personnel and their dependents, as well as others authorized medical care. Appropriate augmentation of home base medical facilities will be programmed by numbered Air Forces to provide for increased personnel at home bases resulting from the presence of ICBM units. Existing guides for this augmentation will be followed. Base medical support plans must include cognisance of dispersion of personnel stationed at launch sites and provide for appointment scheduling for outpatient clinic visits and transportation of these personnel so as to minimise time away from duty for medical care, treatment, or physical examinations.
- A. Occupational medical procedures such as preplacement and periodic physical examinations, laboratory tests, or other procedures required as part of the occupational health program will be accomplished at the home base unless the nature of the test requires it be accomplished at the sork site. As in the case of routine medical treatment, medical plan must provide for proper scheduling and transportation of personnel to minimize time off from duty.
- 3. No modical service personnel will normally be stationed at launch sites. However, medical supplies will be provisioned at the launch control building to provide for emergency first aid treatment of peace time accidents. Also, at each launch control building, there will be provided sufficient emergency and/or PHASE I (see AFR 160-133) medical supplies to provide for a full three shift component of personnel present in the launch complex for ten days. Space for storage of these supplies and for litters has been programmed for launch control buildings.
- a. All launch site personnel will receive training in self and first aid for both peace time and war situations. Peace time training will be on a "what to do until the medics arrive" basis. Training for a war situation will be on the basis of survival care for initial war operational period. Appropriate requirements for this training are in ATC individual training centers and at Vandenberg Air Force Base are presently being developed. Specific fellow-up action at home base medical service is required to insure personnel are in fact qualified.
- b. Each home base medical facility must plan for and implement a peace time accident response team. This team will include both personnel and equipment to be dispatched to the site of an accident and personnel required for receipt of emergency care and treatment of casualties at the home base medical facilities. Appropriate priorities on communications, use of helicopters and other means of transportation will be incorporated into the base disaster control plans provided for in SACR 355-1. Necessary coordination with missile maintenance and operational agencies will be provided for so as to insure that medical support and disaster control teams are on a stand-by basis during missile fueling or other baserdous operations.

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c. As part of the medical support program, an ambalance and medical personnel will be physically present at the launch sites during actual fueling or defueling operations to provide necessary and immediate rapport in event of an accident. Necessary communications procedures will be established so as to be able to form base medical facilities to the extent of assistance in the nature of injuries which require evacuation.

# iv. Environmental and occupational heaeth

- 1. Frequent periodic visits will be made by samitary and industrial bygione engineers and proventive medicine technicians to lurach sites for the purpose of miding industrial hygiene surveys, including evaluation, effectiveness of design, protective features, use of protective devices by personnel, atmospheric sampling, with special reference to underground facilities. Occasional visits will also be made by the director of PAOM or a madical efficer from the PAOM service so as to familiarize himself or to maintain familiarity with the actual type work operations being conducted.
- 2. Close coordination will be maintained with the missile safety agancies with particular reference to mutual interest areas such as prevention of eye injuries, prevention of traumatic accidents, and the control of chemical basards.
- 3. Preventive medical personnel will be members of the calety and discuster response teams. Sampling of the atmosphere and general environment will be made by medical service personnel in the event of an accident involving a missile and/or warhoad. Medical service senitary and industrial hygiene engineers are responsible for collection of stream samples in event of spills of fuels and evaluation of possible stream pollution, fuels, oxidizers, or radioactive materials.
- 4. Surveillance of food service sanitation will be accomplished by veterinary technicians and personaul from the missile home base.
- 5. Necessary industrial hygiene and occupational health procedures will be implemented for missile personnel assigned to the RIM or MAR facilities at the missile home base in the same manner as provided for other maintenance facilities.

# VI. SPECIAL SUPPLIES, EQUIPMENT AND RETERENCES.

- I. Each missile home base will be equipped with appropriate environmental sampling equipment to be used by industrial hygione engineers and preventive medicine technicians. The AMC cavironmental health laboratory located at Kelly and Sacramento Air Force Bases will be whittened for accomplishment of detailed body tinsue and fluid analyses for the prosence of industrial toxicants and environmental samples which cannot be measured by direct reading instrumentation.
- 2. Appropriate references on missile repellent toxicity, occupational health, and general industrial hygiene and texicology will be maintained at the massile home bus a medical facility.

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## VII. HEALTH EDUATION

Active and continuing health education program with regard to occupational basards and general health promotion will be conducted under the director of PAOM of the missile home base. This program will be directed both towards supervisor and the worker.

# VIII. RESPONSIBILITIES OF HEADQUARTERS SAC, 1st MISSILE DIVISION, AND NUMBERED AIR FORCES

Delineation of responsibilities and their implementation of medical support procedures and plans for missile organisations are described in Memoranism, SUPS, Hq SAC, 30 Dec 58. Subject: Delineation of Responsibilities. Headquarters SAC, let Missile Division, Numbered Air Forces-Medical Service Support- this is attached as Inclosure Number One-these responsibilities are considered a part of this concept.

#### FOR THE SURGEON:

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30 Dec 58, Subj:
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let Miss Day, Numb AF 'sMed Sys Support

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